

BASIC FIREARM SAFETY PRINCIPLES

Always Treat Every Firearm as if It Were Loaded

A fundamental rule is to treat every firearm as if it were loaded. This attitude prevents dangerous situations resulting from underestimating potential risk.

Be Aware of the Direction of the Muzzle

Awareness of where the muzzle is pointed is crucial. One must always ensure that the firearm is aimed in a safe direction to minimize the risk of accidental discharge.

PREPARATION FOR SHOOTING

Selecting a shooting location should consider safety, accessibility, and weather conditions. The optimal place is specifically designed for shooting and meets all safety standards.

Checking equipment and ammunition is essential. Every shooter should regularly check the condition of their firearm and ammunition to ensure proper functioning.

ATTIRE AT THE SHOOTING RANGE

Hearing and eye protection is mandatory. Specialized goggles and earmuffs protect against noise and accidental fragments.

Clothing should match shooting conditions and the firearm type. Materials should be resistant to sparks and small debris.

HANDLING FIREARMS

Safe loading and unloading require focus and knowledge of procedures. Every shooter must be trained in proper ammunition handling.

Knowing the handling procedures of the specific firearm model helps avoid accidental discharge. After each shot, it is important to ensure the firearm is functioning properly.

SHOOTING STANCE

A proper shooting stance ensures stability, precision, and safety. Balance, foot placement, hand positioning, and breathing control are essential.

Correct techniques improve firearm control and shooting accuracy.

MANAGING PSYCHOPHYSICAL REACTIONS

Stress affects performance. Understanding stress mechanisms and learning coping techniques is essential for staying calm and effective.

Emotional control and concentration are key for precision and safety in shooting.

LAW AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Knowledge of firearm regulations is the responsibility of every shooter. It ensures legality and prevents legal complications.

Shooters are responsible for their actions, including civil and criminal liability.

RESPONDING TO FIREARM MALFUNCTIONS

In case of malfunction, remain calm and follow established emergency procedures. Avoid impulsive actions.

ACCIDENT PROCEDURES

In case of an accident, administer first aid immediately and call emergency services. Secure the scene for later analysis.

SAFETY CULTURE

Building a safety culture among shooters increases overall safety. Education, experience-sharing, and promoting responsible behavior are essential.

CHILDREN'S SAFETY

Introducing children to shooting must be gradual and well-supervised. Their safety requires strict oversight.

ROLE OF SHOOTING INSTRUCTORS

Instructors shape habits, skills, and attitudes toward safety. Their expertise significantly affects safety levels at the shooting range.

DIGITAL TOOLS IN SAFETY EDUCATION

Apps and simulators support safe training by simulating shooting scenarios without real risk.

Technology enhances safety by providing advanced systems and solutions.

FIREARM STORAGE OUTSIDE THE RANGE

Proper firearm storage—safes, locks, and controlled access—prevents unauthorized use.

REGULAR TRAINING

Regular training improves skills and safety knowledge, allowing shooters to adapt to evolving technologies and conditions.